'there are loans available to you.' The

Take back...

(continued from page 1)

to be careful at all times. "Taking back the night is really important," she said, but the day is really scary too. It can

happen anytime."
Yet another survivor stressed the importance of the unity of people in preventing all types of violence. "Ev-eryone - male, female, white, black, st unite to take back the night."

Organizers of the march and rally

Jean Kessinger '92, house director of Forest, commented that one of the main problems this year is "the lack of

lounge space." As a result of the stu-

dent overload, many lounges were turned into rooms. She stressed the

importance of having common space

in a dormitory for people to use as a

central meeting place.

Jeanie Hudson '94, who will be

abroad next year and did not have to

participate in room draw, commented,

"I give this school a lot of sympathy

and credit in trying to accomodate

everyone's needs to the best of their

ability." At the end of last year, she was

Room Draw

(continued from page 3)

from the men and women in the sudience." said Darak, "Overall it was just amazing . . . that kind of sharing of people's voices is what needs to happen for (other) people to understand ese issues. Mathewson perhaps expressed the

were overwhelmed at the response. "I

think that all of us, especially the orga-nizers, were amazed by the response

message of the night best in an original song she performed for the crowd.

'No matter how strong you feel," she sang, "violence can still be real."

in August that they had found her a place. She added, "people need to not stress as much and just let it happen."

Kelley stated, "Room change re-ests will be taken into consideration after all students have gotten a room...just because you hand in a room change request doesn't mean you get a 'change automatically."

During the months of July and August, Kelley and other housing assis tants work to meet the requests of students who desire room changes.

Much effort is made to please students and provide them with the housing that will satisfy them and their personal needs, said Kelly. "Whenever dealing with enrollment," Kelley stated, "you need three things: preparation, planning, and prayer. You pray that things work out as you planned

Republicans

(continued from page 3)

younger people right now, there is no doubt about it." He also said that, non-college students are probably a lot more Republican."

Hansen stated that those who came of age during the 1980s will make up 27 percent of the electorate going into this election.

Discussing the current election situation, Hansen said, "we do worry about the position of the president right now. I am not very optimistic. I not very pessimistic, but I do know it will be a very tough fight and the economy is not a plus right now."

He predicted a "very difficult reelection campaign for the Republican

Finally, Hansen mentioned that there are three ways in which voters choose their presidents. He ranked them in order of importance: partisanship, personality, and issues.

He did not blame the electorate for depending on personality since he noted that in our representative system people turn their decisions over to the people they trust.

Porter spoke next and began his comments by saying, "I want to tell you that George Bush is going to win the election.

Porter said, "people realize that putting a few smart people in Washington is not the answer to economic prob-

He explained that this system does not function effectively because, "the economy is far too complex and too fast-moving to manage today in the bureacratic state." Porter said that today, "the predominant belief is in freer

Porter said that "information is increasingly freely available." He mentioned the growth of the personal computer and CNN's ability to present 24hour news, both of which "were unheard of a generation before."

In the modern state we should look for all possible ways to decentralize power to individuals," he said.

Porter related his discussion of choice to the education problem in the United States. He blasted public schools, saying that "the principal won't give a damn about you. They don't care Sanders

to think about politics and to understands what politics in government (continued from page 1)

is that the production of food, it seems to me, it seems to most people, an issue of national security. What happens if we lose our ability to produce food in America? We will lose our ability to have agriculture based on de-central-ized principles. What does it mean if we lose the family farms in New England? Then the production will rest in the hands of relatively a small number. It will mean that they [agribusiness] will be able to determine the prices you

Campus: Is there support in the House for these family farms? Sanders: Senator Leahy and I and others have tried to do something, but there is really not majority support in either body.

The basic problem we have now, is that you have a President who, in my view, on every significant issue, is in terested in protecting the power of the oligarchy, not of working people and the environment, and not of those of us concerned about social justice. And you have a Democratic party which is while better, not good enough to make a difference. Democrats have a 102 vote majority in the House.. and the majority in the Senate. Yet, in those two bodies, we are not seeing the sig-nificant legislation that we need in terms of the environment, national health care, social justice, economics, and so forth. The people are feeling tremendous frusn, because they look out and they see a two party system which is not working. The major issues are not being debated, legislation is not being passed, people are giving up on the political system. I think a lot of the young people are giving up on the system. Three out of four young people under 24 do not vote. We want to reverse that, we want bring people into the political movement, we want them

about you, because they don't have to

respond to you." He proposed giving poor people the option of pulling their children out of public schools in an

effort to make the system more respon

to that of food, saying, "we don't rely

on public distribution system." He said

competition and incentives result in

health care, Porter said, "if you were to

nationalize our health care system you

When asked about his views on

"higher quality and better prices."

Porter related the issue of education

would end up having a system with the cost control of the defense department, the bed-side manner of the internal revenue service, and the efficiency of the post office."

He said that market forces could be applied to just about any problem, and cited the recent attempt to harness mar-ket forces to help clean up the environ-

as reprocessed elements of many dif-ferent cultures. One effect of technolological advancement, he said,

Campus: What are your thoughts on the presidential campaign? Sanders: I would say what we have

is a very depressing situation. President Bush's popularity has declined by 50 points in the last year. I think that an overwhelming 3 out of 4 people polled feel that Bush is not dealing with the economy effectively. He is a very unpopular president. And then we look at opposition...and I am concerned about the media coverage, especially that Clinton has gotten. Because frankly, what his sex life may or may not be is not one of the major issues facing the country. The media is doing their usual sensationalist, stupid reporting rather than concentrating on the major issues. On many of the imortant issues facing the country. [Clinton's] views are not, by any means. terribly progressive...That's why half the people are not going to vote. The prediction is that over half of the American people are not going to participate in this election—that's very frightening and very sad. Until we build a strong third political movement, where people really can get excited about the candidacy of a Jesse Jackson or somebody else, I think people are going to have to hold their nose and vote for the lesser of two evils.

Campus: You are a proponent of many social welfare programs. Where do you propose we as a nation find the funds to cover the expenses of these

programs? Sander's We're talking about the ace dividend...the media's done such bad job of reporting it. Legislation was very strongly passed recently through the House that would have doubled the amount of the Pell Grants available, and significantly expanded eligibility...[This legislation] would ntially say to any kid in America.

legislation was passed, that's the good news, know what the bad news is? There's not enough money to fu is...because there is no peace dividend. [The peace dividend] is the most important piece of legislation that was dealt with in many, many months; it dealt with how much military spending should be cut, and whether in fact we should be able to divert money from military funding to domestic purposes, such as higher education. The rethat we will not have ... not be able to adequately fund higher education is because the President of the Unit States is adamant about keeping mili-tary spending much higher than it should be. We should be able to significantly reduce military spending and use some of that money to deal with the deficit, but much of that money should go into building housing for those people who need it, providing Pell Grants and student loans for students who need it, wiping out childhood hunger (we have five million kids in this country who are hungry), environmental clean-up, help for the industries so we can rebuild America and deal with our infrastructure. People don't understand tise correlation, [for example,] to understand why there isn't a larger Pell Grant you've got to think about defense spending and your taxes-they're inti related...the choice that you have t make as a citizen is, do you think that we should spend one hundred billion dollars defending Western Europe against a non-existent enemy, or do against a non-existent enemy, or do you think we should bring that money back home to provide educational op-portunity, wipe out childhood hunger, rebuild our infrastructure, and provide millions of jobs...two political parties have not provided [that inform The Democrats are bad, the Republi-cans are worse...What we've trying to do is build a political movement where people become familiar with those is-

was the creation of a "global consu

Porter said we shouldn't be emberrassed about American culture and was quite willing to boast of the benefits of

Western society.

He mentioned that people all over the world want to live like Americana, meaning that they want to exercise free

In this new global order, as de-scribed by Porter, "George Bush is not just leader of the United States, he is the leader of the world."

ALL COLLEGE MEETING NIGHT

THURSDAY, APRIL 23

7:00 PM

SPEECHES BY SGA PRESIDENTIAL AND VICE-PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES IN MEAD CHAPEL

> WITH INTRODUCTORY NOTES BY STUDENT BODY PRESIDENT CHIP **MULLER on "SGA THIS YEAR"**

8:00 PM

DEPARTMENTAL MEETINGS

THINK ABOUT IT: HOW CAN YOU VOTE IF YOU DON'T KNOW THE ISSUES AT HAND??

COME TO MEAD CHAPEL AT 7:00 PM.